VciMultiDma

1) Functional Description

As the VciDma component, this component moves data from a source memory buffer to a destination memory buffer. It is both a target and an initiator.

- It is addressed as a target to be configured for a transfer.
- It is acting as an initiator to do the transfer.

The VciMultiDma component supports up to 8 simultaneous DMA transfers, corresponding to 8 independant DMA channels. As there is only one VCI initiator port, the general arbitration policy between the active channels is round-robin.

The number of channels and the max burst length are constructor parameters. The burst length parameter must be multiple of 4 bytes.

This component makes the assumption that the VCI RDATA & WDATA fiels have 32 bits. The source buffer base address, the destination buffer base address and the buffer length mus be multiple of 4 bytes. The buffer length is not constrained to be a multiple of the burst length.

Each channel has its own set of memory mapped registers, and for each channel a specific IRQ can be is optionally asserted when transfer is completed.

Each channel k has 5 memory-mapped registers:

• DMA_SRC[k] (Read / Write)

It defines the physical address of the source buffer.

• **DMA_DST[k]** (Read / Write)

It defines the physical address of the destination buffer.

• DMA_LEN[k] (Read / Write)

It defines the length of transfer, in bytes. This register must be written after writing into registers DMA_SRC & DMA_DST, as the writing into the DMA_LEN register starts the transfer. This register gets back to 0 when transfer is finished. This register can be used to test the DMA coprocessor status.

• DMA_RESET[k] (Write-only)

Writing any value into this pseudo-register makes a clean re-initialisation of the DMA coprocessor: The on-going VCI transaction is completed before the coprocessor returns the IDLE state. This write access must be used by the software ISR to aknowledge the DMA IRQ.

• DMA_IRQ_DISABLED[k] (Read / Write)

A non zero value disables the IRQ line. The RESET value is zero.

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The aligned segment size associated to this VCI target is 256 bytes, as only 8 address bits are decoded: the 5 MSB bits define the target register, and the next 3 bits define the channel index.

For extensibility issues, you should access the DMA using globally-defined offsets, and you should include file soclib/dma.h in your software, it defines DMA_SRC, DMA_DST, DMA_LEN, DMA_RESET, DMA_IRQ_DISABLED.

This hardware component checks for segmentation violation, and can be used as a default target.

2) Component definition & usage

source:trunk/soclib/soclib/module/infrastructure component/dma infrastructure/vci multi dma/caba/metadata/vci multi dm

See SoclibCc/VciParameters

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Uses( 'vci_multi_dma' )
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3) CABA Implementation

CABA sources

- interface:
 - source:trunk/soclib/soclib/module/infrastructure component/dma infrastructure/vci multi dma/caba/source/include/
- implementation :

source:trunk/soclib/soclib/module/infrastructure component/dma infrastructure/vci multi dma/caba/source/src/vci

CABA Constructor parameters

CABA Ports

• p_resetn : Global system reset

• p_clk : Global system clock

p_vci_target : The VCI target portp vci initiator : The VCI initiator port

• p_irq[k] : As many output IRQ ports as the number of channels

4) TLM-DT implementation

The TLM-DT implementation is not available yet.