

# Upgrade Instructions

## Error: Macro TracGuideToc(None) failed

'NoneType' object has no attribute 'find'

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## Instructions

Typically, there are seven steps involved in upgrading to a newer version of Trac:

### 1. Bring your server off-line

It is not a good idea to update a running server: the server processes may have parts of the current packages cached in memory, and updating the code will likely trigger internal errors.

Although a database backup will be implicitly created by default when upgrading the environment, it is always a good idea to perform a full backup of the environment using the hotcopy command before beginning.

### 2. Update the Trac Code

Get the new version as described in Trac Install, or through your operating system package manager.

If you already an earlier version of Trac installed via `easy_install`, it might be easiest to also use `easy_install` to upgrade your Trac installation:

```
easy_install --upgrade Trac
```

You may also want to remove the pre-existing Trac code by deleting the `trac` directory from the `Python lib/site-packages` directory, or remove Trac `.egg` files from former versions. The location of the `site-packages` directory depends on the operating system and the location in which Python was installed. However, the following locations are typical:

- on Linux: `/usr/lib/python2.X/site-packages`
- on Windows: `C:\Python2.X\lib\site-packages`
- on MacOSX: `/Library/Python/2.X/site-packages`

You may also want to remove the directory in which your static resources are deployed. The exact location depends on your platform. This cleanup is not mandatory, but makes it easier to troubleshoot issues later on, as your installation is uncluttered by code or templates from a previous release that is not used anymore. As usual, make a backup before actually removing things.

### 3. Upgrade the Trac Environment

Environment upgrades are not necessary for minor version releases unless otherwise noted.

After restarting, Trac should show the instances which need a manual upgrade via the automated upgrade scripts to ease the pain. These scripts are run via trac-admin:

```
trac-admin /path/to/projenv upgrade
```

This command will not have any effect if the environment is already up-to-date.

Note that a backup of your database will be performed automatically prior to the upgrade. The backup will be saved in the location specified by `[trac] backup_dir`.

### 4. Update the Trac Documentation

By default, every Trac environment includes a copy of the Trac documentation for the installed version. However, to keep the included documentation in sync with the installed version of Trac, use the following trac-admin command to upgrade the documentation:

```
trac-admin /path/to/projenv wiki upgrade
```

Note that this procedure will leave your `WikiStart` page intact.

### 5. Refresh static resources

If you have configured your web server to serve static resources directly (accessed using the `/chrome/` URL) then you will need to refresh them using the same command:

```
trac-admin /path/to/env deploy /deploy/path
```

This will extract static resources and CGI scripts (`trac.wsgi`, etc) from the new Trac version and plugins into `/deploy/path`.

**Note:** Some web browsers (IE, Opera) cache CSS and Javascript files, so you should instruct your users to manually erase the contents of their browser's cache. A forced refreshed (SHIFT + <F5>) should be enough.

## 6. Steps specific to a given Trac version

### Upgrading from Trac 1.0 to 1.2

#### Python 2.5 no longer supported

Upgrade Python to at least 2.6 or 2.7, but not 3.0 or greater.

#### Obsolete Plugins

Trac has added functionality equivalent to the following plugins:

- [?AdminEnumListPlugin](#)
- [?DateFieldPlugin](#): see the **time** [custom field type](#)
- [?GroupBasedRedirectionPlugin](#): the default handler can set as a user preference.
- [?LinenMacro](#): see [Wiki Processors#Available Processors](#)
- [?NeverNotifyUpdaterPlugin](#): see [notification subscribers](#)
- [?QueryUiAssistPlugin](#): see [Trac Query#Filters](#).
- [?TicketCreationStatusPlugin](#): see [#NewWorkflowActions](#)

The plugins should be removed when upgrading Trac to 1.2.

#### New workflow actions

The ticket creation step is controlled with a [workflow action](#). The default workflow has `create` and `create_and_assign` actions. The `create` action will always be added when upgrading the database. The `create_and_assign` action will be added if the workflow has an *assigned* state. You may want to edit your workflow after upgrading the database to customize the actions available on the *New Ticket* page.

#### New permissions policy for read-only wiki pages

Since 1.1.2 the read-only attribute of wiki pages is enabled and enforced only when `ReadonlyWikiPolicy` is in the list of active permission policies. If `[trac] permission_policy` has the default value `DefaultPermissionPolicy`, `LegacyAttachmentPolicy`, then `ReadonlyWikiPolicy` should be automatically appended to the list when upgrading the environment:

```
[trac]
permission_policies = ReadonlyWikiPolicy,
DefaultPermissionPolicy,
LegacyAttachmentPolicy
```

If other permission policies are enabled, `trac.ini` will need to have `ReadonlyWikiPolicy` appended to the list of active `permission_policies`. See [Trac Fine Grained Permissions#Readonly Wiki Policy](#) for additional details on the proper ordering.

### Upgrading from Trac 0.12 to Trac 1.0

#### Python 2.4 no longer supported

Upgrade Python to at least 2.5, but not 3.0.

#### Obsolete Plugins

Trac has added functionality equivalent to the following plugins:

- [?BatchModifyPlugin](#)
- [?GitPlugin](#)
- [?OverrideEditPlugin](#)

The plugins should be removed when upgrading Trac to 1.0.

### Subversion components not enabled by default for new installations

The Trac components for Subversion support are no longer enabled by default. To enable the svn support, you need to make sure the `tracopt.versioncontrol.svn` components are enabled, for example by setting the following in the [Trac Ini](#):

```
[components]
tracopt.versioncontrol.svn.* = enabled
```

The upgrade procedure should take care of this and change the [Trac Ini](#) appropriately, unless you already had the svn components explicitly disabled.

### Attachments migrated to new location

Another step in the automatic upgrade will change the way the attachments are stored. Create a backup of the `attachments` directory before upgrading. In case the `attachments` directory contains some files which are *not* attachments, the last step of the migration to the new layout will fail: the deletion of the now unused `attachments` directory can't be done if there are still files and folders in it. You may ignore this error, but better to move them elsewhere and remove the `attachments` directory manually. The attachments themselves are now all located in your environment below the `files/attachments` directory.

### Behavior of `[ticket] default_owner` changed

Prior to 1.0, the owner field of new tickets always defaulted to `[ticket] default_owner` when the value was not empty. If the value was empty, the owner field defaulted to the Component's owner. In 1.0 and later, the `default_owner` must be set to `< default >` to make new tickets default to the Component's owner. This change allows the `default_owner` to be set to an empty value if no default owner is desired.

## Upgrading from Trac 0.11 to Trac 0.12

### Python 2.3 no longer supported

The minimum supported version of Python is now 2.4.

### SQLite v3.x required

SQLite v2.x is no longer supported. If you still use a Trac database of this format, you'll need to convert it to SQLite v3.x first. See [?PySqlite#UpgradingSQLitefrom2.xto3.x](#) for details.

### [?PySqlite 2](#) required

[?PySqlite 1.1.x](#) is no longer supported. Please install 2.5.5 or later if possible, see [Trac database upgrade](#) below.

### Obsolete Plugins

Trac has added functionality equivalent to the following plugins:

- [?AutoQueryPlugin](#)
- [?AdminConsoleProviderPatch](#)

### Obsolete Plugins

- [?AnchorMacro](#): see [Wiki Formatting#Setting Anchors](#)
- [?TicketChangePlugin](#): see [TICKET\\_EDIT\\_COMMENT permission](#)
- [?TicketDeletePlugin](#): see `tracopt.ticket.deleter`
- [?SubversionLocationPlugin](#): see [Trac Repository Admin#Repositories](#)
- [?WikiCreoleRendererPlugin](#): see [?WikiCreole](#)
- [?RepoRevisionSyntaxPlugin](#) (added in 0.12.1)

The plugins should be removed when upgrading Trac to 0.12.

### Multiple Repository Support

The latest version includes support for multiple repositories. If you plan to add more repositories to your Trac instance, please refer to [Trac Repository Admin#Migration](#).

This may be of interest to users with only one repository, since there is now a way to avoid the potentially costly resync check at every request.

### Resynchronize the Trac Environment Against the Source Code Repository

Each [Trac environment](#) must be resynchronized against the source code repository in order to avoid errors such as ["?No changeset ??? in the repository"](#) while browsing the source through the Trac interface:

```
trac-admin /path/to/projenv repository resync '*'
```

### Improved repository synchronization

In addition to supporting multiple repositories, there is now a more efficient method for synchronizing Trac and your repositories.

While you can keep the same synchronization as in 0.11 adding the post-commit hook as outlined in [Trac Repository Admin#Synchronization](#) and [Trac Repository Admin#Explicit Sync](#) will allow more efficient synchronization and is more or less required for multiple repositories.

Note that if you were using the `trac-post-commit-hook`, *you're strongly advised to upgrade it to the new hook* documented in the above references and [here](#), as the old hook will not work with anything else than the default repository and even for this case, it won't trigger the appropriate notifications.

### Authz permission checking

The authz permission checking has been migrated to a fine-grained permission policy. If you use authz permissions (aka `[trac] authz_file` and `authz_module_name`), you must add `AuthzSourcePolicy` in front of your permission policies in `[trac] permission_policies`. You must also remove `BROWSER_VIEW`, `CHANGESSET_VIEW`, `FILE_VIEW` and `LOG_VIEW` from your global permissions with `trac-admin $ENV permission remove` or the "Permissions" admin panel.

### Microsecond timestamps

All timestamps in database tables, except the `session` table, have been changed from "seconds since epoch" to "microseconds since epoch" values. This change should be transparent to most users, except for custom reports. If any of your reports use date/time columns in calculations (e.g. to pass them to `datetime()`), you must divide the values retrieved from the database by 1'000'000. Similarly, if a report provides a calculated value to be displayed as a date/time (i.e. with a column named "time", "datetime", "changetime", "date", "created" or "modified"), you must provide a microsecond timestamp, that is, multiply your previous calculation with 1'000'000.

## Upgrading from Trac 0.10 to Trac 0.11

### Site Templates and Styles

The templating engine has changed in 0.11 to Genshi, please look at [Trac Interface Customization](#) for more information.

If you are using custom CSS or modified templates in the `templates` directory of the [Trac Environment](#), you will need to convert them to the Genshi way of doing things. To continue to use your style sheet, follow the instructions at [Trac Interface Customization#Site Appearance](#).

### Trac Macros, Plugins

The Trac macros will need to be adapted, as the old-style wiki-macros are not supported anymore due to the drop of [?ClearSilver](#) and the HDF. They need to be converted to the new-style macros, see [Wiki Macros](#). When they are converted to the new style, they need to be placed into the `plugins` directory instead and not `wiki-macros`, which is no longer scanned for macros or plugins.

### For FCGI/WSGI/CGI users

For those who run Trac under the CGI environment, run this command in order to obtain the `trac.*gi` file:

```
trac-admin /path/to/env deploy /deploy/directory/path
```

This will create a `deploy` directory with the following two subdirectories: `cgi-bin` and `htdocs`. Then update your Apache configuration file `httpd.conf` with this new `trac.cgi` location and `htdocs` location.

### Web Admin plugin integrated

If you had the [?WebAdmin](#) plugin installed, you can uninstall it as it is part of the Trac code base since 0.11.

### New Default Configurable Workflow

When you run `trac-admin <env> upgrade`, your `trac.ini` will be modified to include a `[ticket-workflow]` section. The workflow configured in this case is the original workflow, so that ticket actions will behave like they did in 0.10:

Enable JavaScript to display the workflow graph.

There are some significant caveats in this, such as accepting a ticket sets it to 'assigned' state, and assigning a ticket sets it to 'new' state. So you will probably want to migrate to "basic" workflow; [?contrib/workflow/migrate\\_original\\_to\\_basic.py](#) may be helpful. See [Trac Workflow](#) for a detailed description of the new basic workflow.

## 7. Restart the Web Server

If you are not running [CGI](#), reload the new Trac code by restarting your web server.

## Known Issues

### Customized Templates

Trac supports customization of its Genshi templates by placing copies of the templates in the `<env>/templates` folder of your [environment](#) or in a common location specified in the [\[inherit\] templates\\_dir](#) configuration setting. If you choose to do so, be aware that you will need to repeat your changes manually on a copy of the new templates

when you upgrade to a new release of Trac (even a minor one), as the templates will likely evolve. So keep a diff around.

The preferred way to perform Trac Interface Customization is to write a custom plugin doing an appropriate `ITemplateStreamFilter` transformation, as this is more robust in case of changes: we usually won't modify an `element id` or change its `CSS class`, and if we have to do so, this will be documented in the ?TracDev/ApiChanges pages.

## ZipImportError

Due to internal caching of zipped packages, whenever the content of the packages change on disk, the in-memory zip index will no longer match and you'll get irrecoverable `ZipImportError` errors. Better anticipate and bring your server down for maintenance before upgrading. See ?#7014 for details.

## Wiki Upgrade

`trac-admin` will not delete or remove default wiki pages that were present in a previous version but are no longer in the new version.

## Trac database upgrade

A known issue in some versions of ?PySqlite (2.5.2-2.5.4) prevents the `trac-admin` upgrade script from successfully upgrading the database format. It is advised to use either a newer or older version of the sqlite python bindings to avoid this error. For more details see ticket ?#9434.

## Parent dir

If you use a Trac parent env configuration and one of the plugins in one child does not work, none of the children will work.

## Related topics

### Upgrading Python

Upgrading Python to a newer version will require reinstallation of Python packages: Trac itself of course, but also ?easy install, if you've been using that. If you are using Subversion, you'll also need to upgrade the Python bindings for svn.

### Windows and Python 2.6

If you've been using CollabNet's Subversion package, you may need to uninstall that in favor of ?Alagazam, which has the Python bindings readily available, see ?TracSubversion. That package works without tweaking.

## Changing Database Backend

The ?TracMigratePlugin on ?trac-hacks.org has been written to assist in migrating between SQLite, MySQL and PostgreSQL databases.

## Upgrading from older versions of Trac

For upgrades from versions older than Trac 0.10, refer first to [?wiki:0.10/TracUpgrade#SpecificVersions](#).

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See also: [Trac Guide](#), [Trac Install](#)